

OWTS DESIGN, DETAILS, & NOTES

GENERAL NOTES:
 THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED FOR RIDEM SEPTIC SYSTEM PERMIT ONLY AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM THE ENGINEER. THIS IS NOT THE BUILDING PERMIT PLAN.
 ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES ESTABLISHING MINIMUM STANDARDS RELATING TO LOCATION, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF ONSITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS, LATEST REVISION, AS REGULATED THROUGH THE RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (THESE ARE REFERRED TO AS THE "RULES") AND THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND ONE & TWO FAMILY DWELLING BUILDING CODE.
 THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) UNDER THE RHODE ISLAND COASTAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT COUNCIL'S JURISDICTION.
 PUBLIC SEWERS (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) LOCATED WITHIN 200 FEET OF THE PROPERTY LINE.
 DRINKING WATER LINES (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) LOCATED WITHIN 50 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS. ALL DRINKING WATER LINES WITHIN 50 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS HAVE BEEN SHOWN, IF PRESENT.
 WATER SUPPLY IS BY (PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM ___) OR (PRIVATE WELL ___). THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) EXISTING AND PROPOSED PRIVATE DRINKING WATER LINES LOCATED WITHIN THE SPECIFIED SETBACK DETAILED IN TABLE 22.5 OF THE "RULES" + 100 FEET. IF WELL(S) ARE PRESENT, THEY HAVE BEEN SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) EXISTING AND PROPOSED WELLS SERVING NON-POTABLE USES WITHIN 100' OF THE OWTS. IF WELL(S) ARE PRESENT, THEY HAVE BEEN SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) EXISTING AND PROPOSED PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SUPPLY WELLS WITHIN 500 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS. IF WELL(S) ARE PRESENT, THEY HAVE BEEN SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE TYPE OF PUBLIC WELL, IF PRESENT, IS NOTED NEXT TO THE WELL.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) WATERCOURSES AND WETLANDS WITHIN 200 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS. IF PRESENT, THE LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) STORM AN SUBSURFACE DRAINS WITHIN 200 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS. SAID DRAINS (DO ___) OR (DO NOT ___) DISCHARGE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTO A CRITICAL RESOURCE AREA AS IDENTIFIED IN RULE 38 OF THE "RULES".
 THE PROPOSED OWTS (IS ___) OR (IS NOT ___) LOCATED WITHIN THE WATERSHED OF A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY.
 THE PROPOSED OWTS (IS ___) OR (IS NOT ___) LOCATED WITHIN A CRITICAL RESOURCE AREA AS IDENTIFIED IN RULE 38 OF THE "RULES". THE DISTANCE TO THE NEAREST CRITICAL RESOURCE OF CONCERN IS N/A FEET.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) EXISTING OWTS WITHIN 200 FEET OF ANY PROPOSED WELL. IF PRESENT, THE LOCATION AND SIZE HAS BEEN SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 EXISTING OWTS WITH A DESIGN FLOW GREATER THAN 1,000 GAL/DAY (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) LOCATED WITHIN 400 FEET OF THE PROPOSED WELL. IF PRESENT, THE LOCATION AND SIZE HAS BEEN SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
 THERE (ARE ___) OR (ARE NOT ___) AREAS ON SUBJECT PROPERTY WHERE SOIL HAS BEEN EXCAVATED AND/OR WHERE STORM DEPOSITED SAND IN THE BACKDUNE ENVIRONMENT OR WHERE HUMANE TRANSPORTED MATERIAL HAS BEEN DEPOSITED.
 THE POTENTIAL FOR FLOODING WITHIN 100 FEET OF THE PROPOSED OWTS DOES NOT EXIST.
 THE PROPOSED WELL, IF APPLICABLE, (DOES ___) OR (DOES NOT ___) REQUIRE A VARIANCE FROM RIDEM'S "RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ENFORCEMENT OF CHAPTER 46-13.2 RELATING TO THE DRILLING OF DRINKING WATER WELLS".
 THIS APPLICATION (IS ___) OR (IS NOT ___) PART OF A SUBDIVISION OF FIVE (5) LOTS OR LESS WITH EXISTING ROAD FRONTAGE.
 THE SUBJECT PROPERTY (IS ___) OR (IS NOT ___) SERVED WITH AN OWTS & PRIVATE WELL. THE NITROGEN LOADING RATE SHALL NOT EXCEED 345 GAL/DAY PER 20,000 SQUARE FEET OF PROPERTY WHEN SERVED WITH AN OWTS & PRIVATE WELL.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE AND FLAG THE LEACHFIELD AREA TO PROTECT THE LEACHFIELD FROM VEHICLE TRAFFIC AND EXCESSIVE WEIGHT LOADS BEFORE AND DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE OWTS AND THE STRUCTURE. FLAGGING SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AT THE SITE ARE COMPLETE.

TEST HOLE DATA:

TH #	DEPTH	SOIL CAT.	SOIL CAT. #
TH 1	0'-4"	A	SL
	4'-26"	Bw	SL
	28'-36"	CB	LS
	36'-96"	C	G,S
	SHGW = 48"		
TH 2	0'-6"	Ap	SL
	6'-28"	Bw	SL
	28'-36"	CB	LS
	36'-96"	C	CB,S
	SHGW = 48"		
TH 3	0'-6"	Ap	SL
	6'-26"	Bw	SL
	26'-96"	C	CB,S
	SHGW = 48"		

GENERAL SITE SOILS & DESIGN DATA:

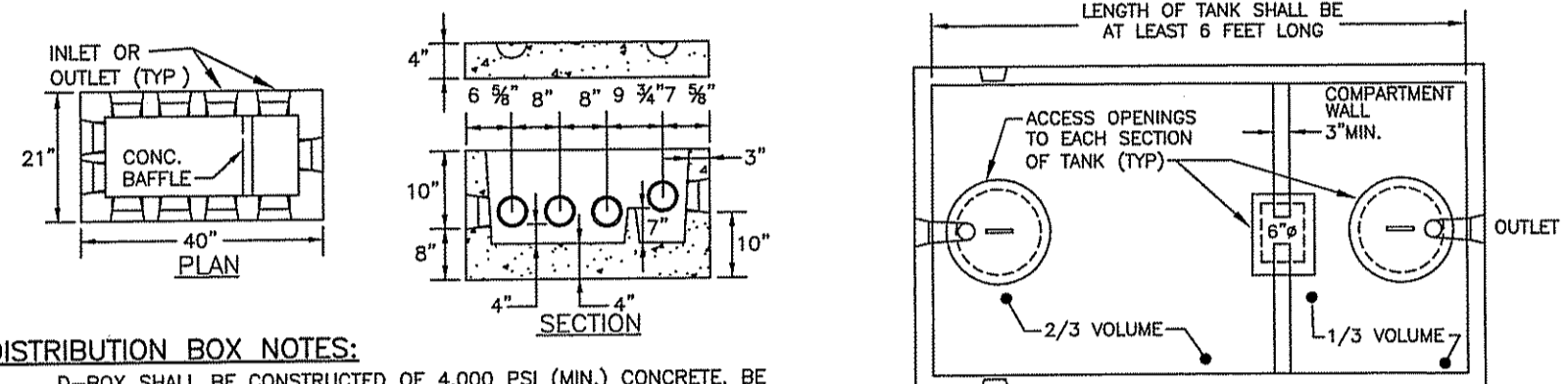
- PROPOSED LEACHFIELD IS LOCATED IN THE AREA OF TEST HOLES 1.
- EXISTING GRADE AT THE CENTER OF THE PROPOSED LEACHFIELD IS APPROXIMATELY ELEVATION 126.5'.
- E.S.H.G.W.T. FOR THIS AREA IS 4" BELOW ORIGINAL GRADE.
- LEDGE IS ASSUMED AT 96" BELOW ORIGINAL GRADE.
- USE LOADING RATE = 0.61 GAL/SF/DAY. (SOIL CAT. 1M)

MINIMUM REQUIRED LEACHFIELD AREA:
 DESIGN FLOW = 3 BEDROOMS = 3 BEDROOMS X 115 GAL/DAY/BEDROOM = 345 GAL/DAY
 FLOW TO LEACHFIELD = 0.61 GAL/SF/DAY (CATEGORY 6/1M SOIL IS THE MOST RESTRICTIVE SOIL LAYER WITHIN LEACHFIELD BOTTOM)
 REQUIRED LEACHFIELD AREA = 345 / 0.61 = 566 SF

DISPERSED TRENCH DESIGN:

- 8" STONE BELOW INVERT & 36" WIDE TRENCH AREA: 3.0 SF/LF
- LINEAR FEET REQUIRED: 566 SF / 3.0 SF/LF = 189 LF
- TRENCH LENGTH: W/5' SEPARATION & 4' TRENCHES: 189 - 15 LF = 174 LF
- 174 LF / 4' TRENCHES = 43.5' PER TRENCH
- USE 44" LONG TRENCHES
- SYSTEM WIDTH: 4' TRENCHES X 3' WIDE + 15' = 27'
- EFFECTIVE LEACHFIELD AREA PROVIDED: 44 LF X 3.0 SF/LF X 4 = 528 SF
- 528 SF + 15 LF X 3 SF/LF = 573 SF
- PROVIDED 573 SF > 566 SF REQUIRED

TANK SIZING CALCULATIONS:
 RESIDENTIAL DWELLING = 3 BEDROOMS
 1,000 GAL REQ'D;
 1,000 GAL PROVIDED (CODE 26.1.1)

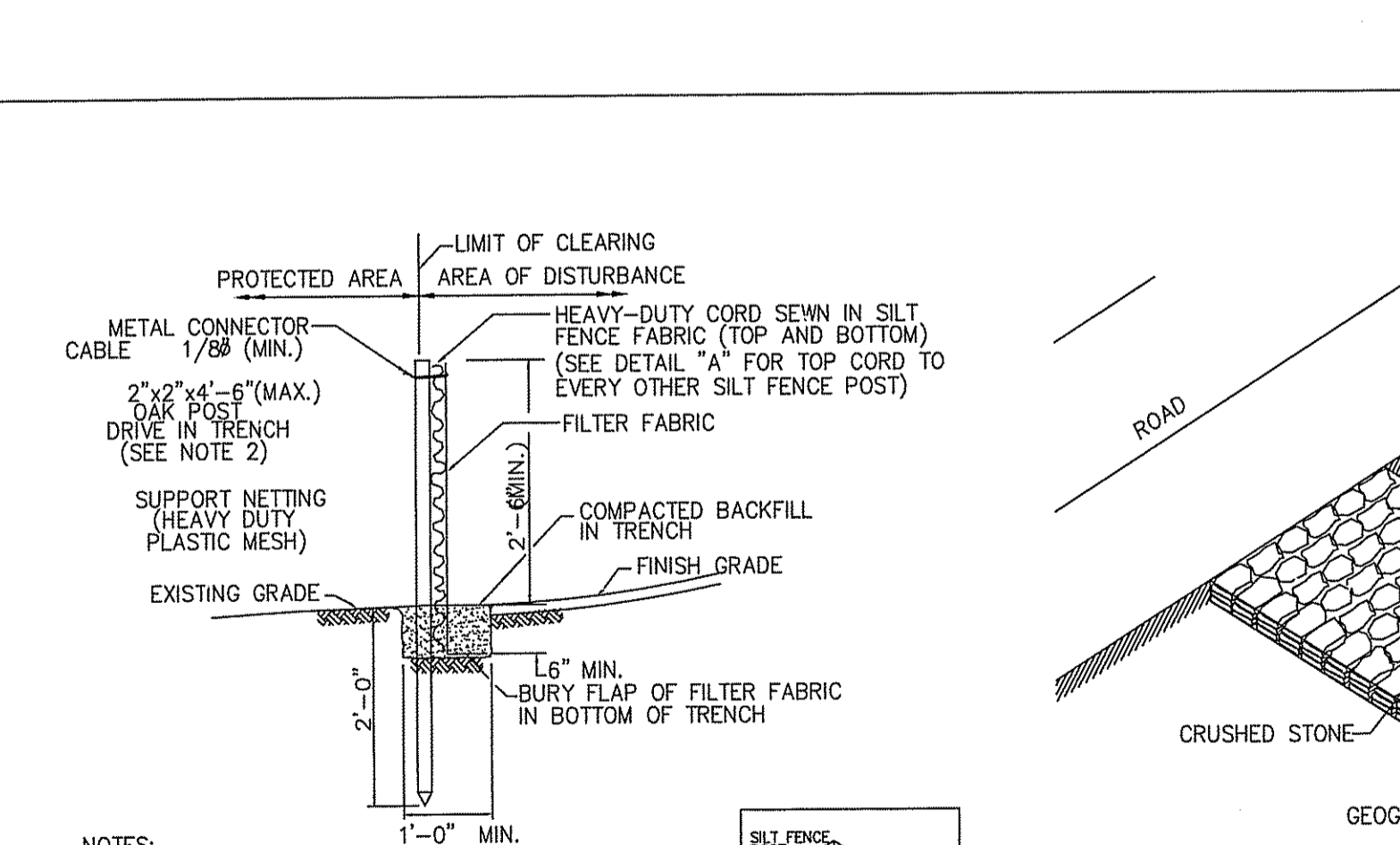
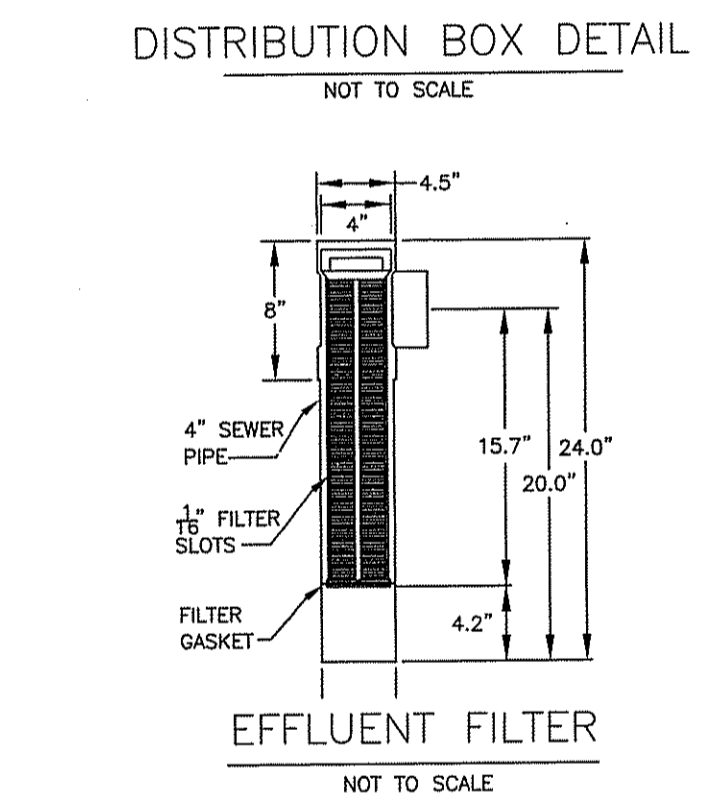


DISTRIBUTION BOX NOTES:

- D-BOX SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 4,000 PSI (MIN) CONCRETE, BE CAPABLE OF WITHSTANDING H-20 LOADINGS & A TOP LOAD CARRYING CAPACITY OF 300 LBS/ SQ. INCH.
- INLET SHALL ACCEPT 4" SCH 40 OR SDR 35 PVC PIPE.
- OUTLETS SHALL HAVE STATE APPROVED SEALS THAT ACCEPT 4" SCH 40 OR 4" SDR 35 PVC PIPE.
- CONSTRUCTED OF PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE.
- PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE TANKS SHALL CONFORM WITH ASTM C-1227-02, LATEST EDITION.
- TANKS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AT THE INLET END OF THE TANK WITH DATE OF MANUFACTURE, NAME OF MANUFACTURER, CAPACITY, AN EXTERNAL LOADS FOR WHICH TANK IS DESIGNED TO RESIST.
- A WARNING LABEL AT ALL OPENINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED WHICH READS "ENTRANCE INTO THE TANK COULD BE FATAL".
- TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS.
- TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED ON A LEVEL, STABLE BASE THAT WILL NOT SETTLE.
- SURFACE WATER SHALL BE DIVERTED AWAY FROM THE TANK OPENINGS.
- TANK SHALL NOT BE DAMAGED DURING BACKFILLING. BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF LARGE STONES, STUMPS, WASTE, CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL, RUBBISH, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND FROZEN SOILS. TANK AND RISERS SHALL BE TESTED FOR WATER TIGHTNESS BY EITHER VACUUM TESTING OR WATER PRESSURE TEST AS SPECIFIED IN THE "RULES". CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT THE TEST PASSED PRIOR TO C.O.C.
- JOINTS OF ALL CONCRETE TANKS SHALL BE SEALED WITH A 1" DIA. BUTYL RUBBER SEALANT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

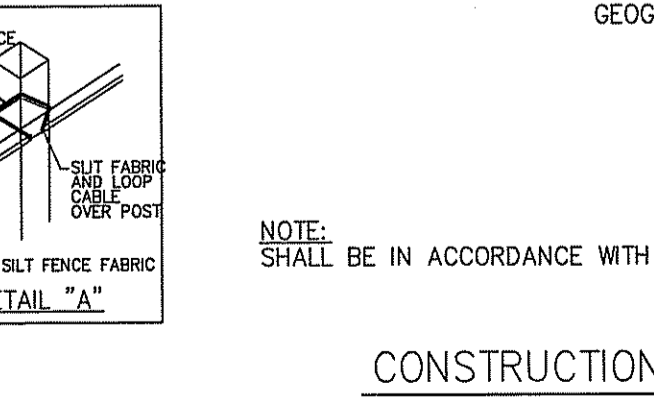
SEPTIC TANK NOTES:

- SEPTIC TANK SHALL BE WATER TIGHT AND CONSTRUCTED OF PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE.
- PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE TANKS SHALL CONFORM WITH ASTM C-1227-02, LATEST EDITION.
- TANKS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AT THE INLET END OF THE TANK WITH DATE OF MANUFACTURE, NAME OF MANUFACTURER, CAPACITY, AN EXTERNAL LOADS FOR WHICH TANK IS DESIGNED TO RESIST.
- A WARNING LABEL AT ALL OPENINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED WHICH READS "ENTRANCE INTO THE TANK COULD BE FATAL".
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- JOINTS OF ALL CONCRETE TANKS SHALL BE SEALED WITH A 1" DIA. BUTYL RUBBER SEALANT OR APPROVED EQUAL.



NOTES:

- SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 206 OF THE R.I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2"x2"x4'-6" (MAX.) OAK POSTS FOR SILT FENCE SHALL BE LOCATED 8'-0" (MAX.) O.C. IN WETLAND AREAS AND (MAX.) O.C. IN WETLAND RAVINE, GULLY OR DROP-OFF AREAS AS SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 1"x1"x4'-6" (MIN.) POSTS PERMITTED FOR PRE-FABRICATED SILT FENCE.
- SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED BEFORE ANY GRUBBING OR EARTH EXCAVATION TAKES PLACE.



SOIL EROSION CONTROL & DRAINAGE, DETAILS, & NOTES

RAIN GARDEN TYPICAL DETAIL & NOTES

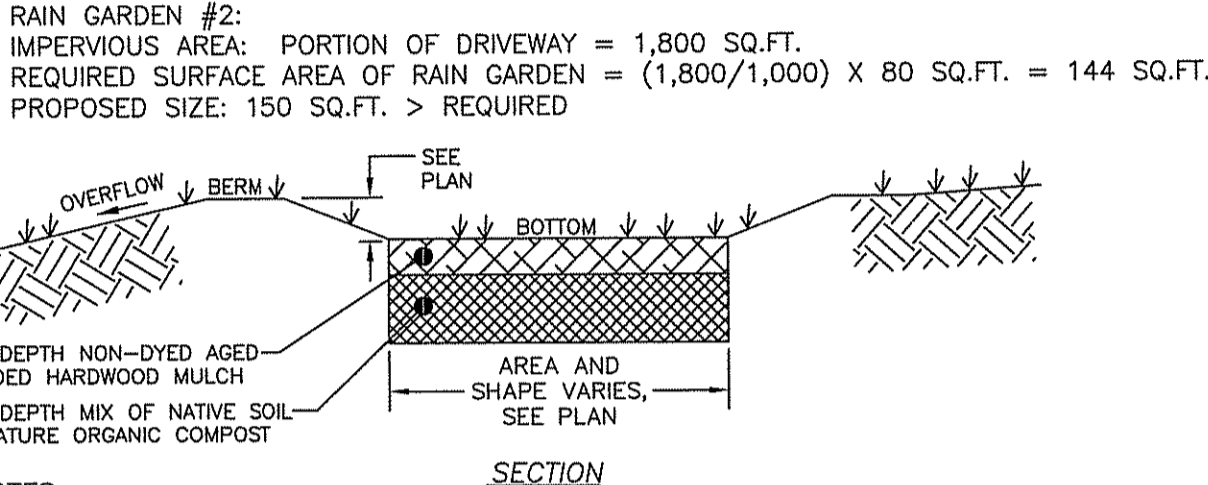
RAIN GARDEN SURFACE AREA IN SANDY SOILS (SANDS, LOAMY SANDS AND SANDY LOAMS) (square feet)

Drainage Area (Square feet)	for 4 inch deep garden	for 6 inch deep garden	for 8 inch deep garden
100	19	15	8
200	38	30	16
300	57	45	24
400	76	60	32
500	95	75	40
600	114	90	48
700	133	105	56
800	152	120	64
900	171	135	72
1000	190	150	80

RAIN GARDEN SIZING
 SITE SOILS: SANDY
 RAIN GARDEN DEPTH: 6"
 THEREFORE SIZE RAIN TO BE 150 SQUARE FEET PER 1,000 SQ.FT. OF IMPERVIOUS AREA

RAIN GARDEN #1:
 IMPERVIOUS AREA: PORTION OF DRIVEWAY = 1,000 SQ.FT.
 REQUIRED SURFACE AREA OF RAIN GARDEN = 80 SQ.FT.
 PROPOSED SIZE: 80 SQ.FT. = REQUIRED

RAIN GARDEN #2:
 IMPERVIOUS AREA: PORTION OF DRIVEWAY = 1,800 SQ.FT.
 REQUIRED SURFACE AREA OF RAIN GARDEN = (1,800/1,000) X 80 SQ.FT. = 144 SQ.FT.
 PROPOSED SIZE: 150 SQ.FT. > REQUIRED



NOTES:

- DO NOT COMPACT SOILS IN RAIN GARDEN AREA. TILL BOTTOM OF RAIN GARDEN PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF SANDY LOAM TOPSOIL AND BIOTRETINENT SOIL TO PROMOTE GOOD INFILTRATION RATES.
- FINE GRADE RAIN GARDEN SO IT HOLDS THE REQUIRED DEPTH OF RUNOFF (SEE PLAN FOR DEPTH) PRIOR TO OVERFLOWING TO STREET. DO NOT ALLOW OVERFLOWS TO DISCHARGE TO ADJUTING PROPERTIES.
- DIRECT DRIVEWAY AREA (TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE) TO FLOW INTO RAIN GARDENS.

TYPICAL RAIN GARDEN DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

Table 6. Required Elements for Rain Gardens on Single-Family Residential Lots

Location	Requirements
Location	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rain gardens should be located in areas with less than a 12% slope (i.e. a 12 foot drop over a horizontal distance of 100 feet or a 6 foot drop over a distance of 50 feet). Rain gardens should be located at least 10 ft from foundations to avoid basement seepage. Rain gardens should be located at least 15 ft from onsite wastewater treatment systems and at least 25 ft from private drinking water wells (see Table 5 for additional setbacks).
Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The bottom of a rain garden should be level to encourage the even distribution of stormwater and increase infiltration capacity. Rain gardens should be 4 to 8 inches deep with a 2-4 inch amended soil layer and a 2-3 inch layer of non-dyed aged shredded hardwood mulch. The amended soil layer of a rain garden should be a 50/50 mixture of the excavated native soils and native organic compost.
Vegetation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select plants for rain gardens using the Coastal Plant Guide at www.uri.edu/cel/ceec/CoastalPlants/CoastalPlantGuide.htm or Appendix B of the RI Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual. See example planting plans below.
Construction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A crushed stone entrance should be installed at the inflow to prevent channelling. A berm to detain stormwater should be constructed along the downhill side of the rain garden, perpendicular to the slope of the lawn. Be sure that the soil within the rain garden does not become compacted by construction activities (i.e. heavy machinery). If soil becomes severely compacted it may need to be tilled and amended to maintain proper drainage.
Maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rain gardens shall be inspected following at least the first two precipitation events of at least 1/4 inch to ensure that the system is functioning properly. Thereafter, the rain garden shall be monitored and maintained to assure proper functioning, plant growth and survival. Plants shall be replaced on an as-needed basis during the growing season. Silt/sediment shall be removed from the rain garden when the accumulation exceeds one inch, or when water ponds on the surface of the rain garden for more than 48 hours. The top few inches of material shall be removed and shall be replaced with fresh soil mixture and mulch. Pruning or replacement of woody vegetation shall occur when dead or dying vegetation is observed. Soil erosion gullies shall be repaired when they occur. Fertilizer or pesticides shall not be applied to plants within rain gardens. Potential plants and ground covers shall be replaced as necessary to maintain an adequate vegetated ground cover. Annual plants may also be used to maintain ground cover.

VEGETATED SWALE TYPICAL DETAIL & NOTES

Sizing a Vegetated Swale:
 Determine the area (in square feet) of impervious surface that will drain to the swale. This is the drainage area. Use Table 5 below to choose a pre-calculated size for an 8 inch deep swale based on the drainage area and soil texture. To do this, you may need to round up your drainage area size (don't round down to avoid under-sizing your swale). Remember that your swale should be at least 2 but less than 8 feet wide at the bottom, and the sides should have a slope no steeper than 3:1. The sizing recommendations below are based on sizing guidance in the University of Wisconsin Extension publication "Rain Gardens: a how-to manual for homeowners," which can be accessed at www.dnr.state.wi.us/runoff/pdf/rg/rmanual.pdf. Alternatively, use sizing information and equations in Chapter 5 of the RI Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual at www.dem.ri.gov/pubs/regis/regis/water/swmanual.pdf. Be sure to demonstrate which sizing method was used on your submitted application.

Table 5. Vegetated Swale Sizing Guidance

Drainage Area (in square feet)	Bottom surface Area (in square feet) for an 8 in. deep swale	Sandy Soils*	Silty Soils*
200	16	32	32
400	32	64	64
600	48	96	96
800	64	128	128
1000	80	160	160

*In lieu of a soil texture determination, use the calculated surface areas for silty soils

REFERENCES:
 STATE OF RHODE ISLAND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE FOR INDIVIDUAL SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL LOT DEVELOPMENT

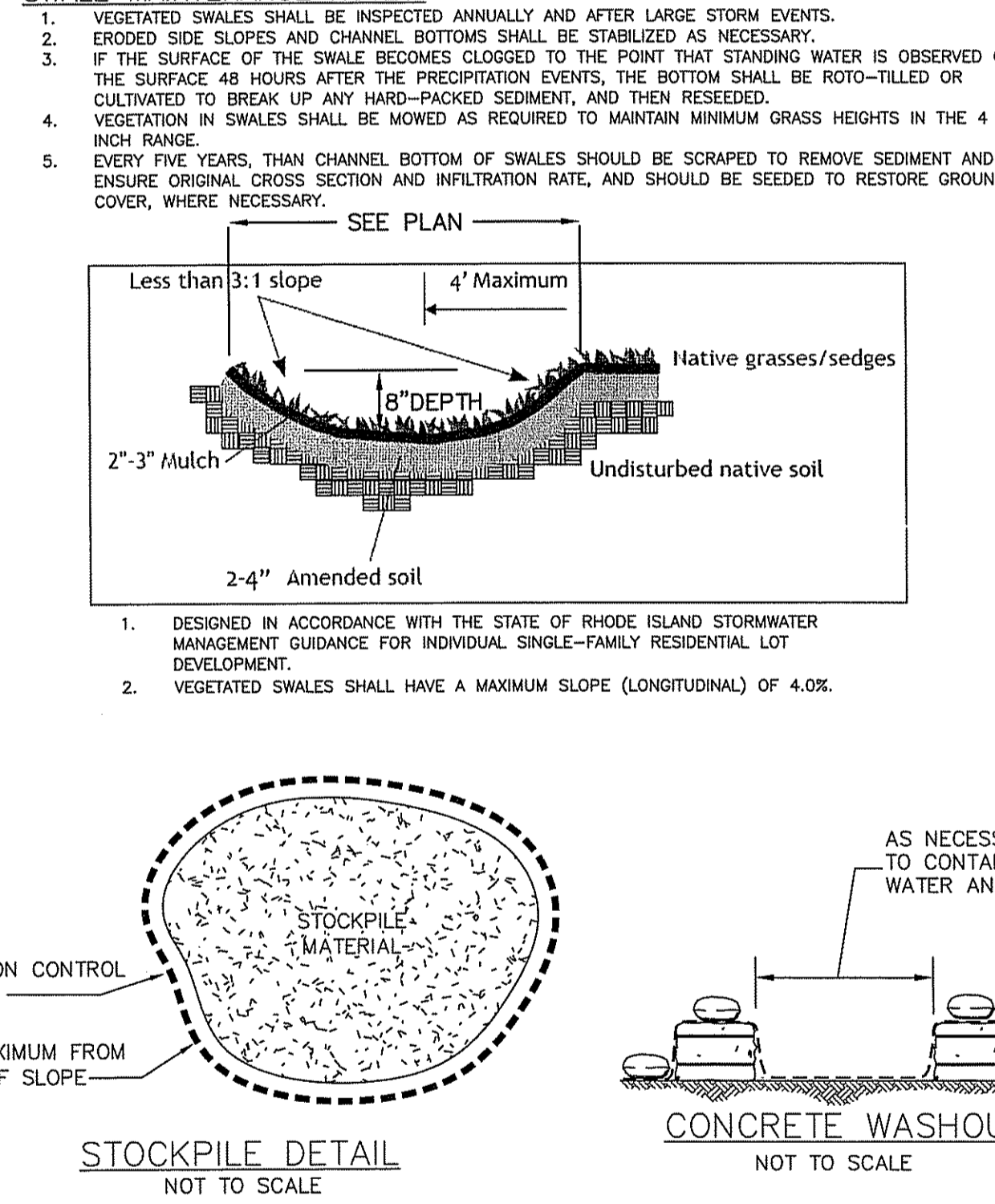
SWALE SIZING
 SITE SOILS: SANDY, THEREFORE SIZE SWALE TO BE 80 SQUARE FEET PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE

VEGETATED SWALE #1:
 IMPERVIOUS AREA: ROOFTOP = 308 SQ.FT.
 REQUIRED SURFACE AREA OF SWALE = (308/1,000) X 80 = 25 SQ.FT.
 PROPOSED SIZE: 25' X 1' W = 25 SQ.FT. = REQUIRED

VEGETATED SWALE #2:
 IMPERVIOUS AREA: ROOFTOP = 672 SQ.FT.
 REQUIRED SURFACE AREA OF SWALE = (672/1,000) X 80 = 54 SQ.FT.
 PROPOSED SIZE: 9' L X 6' W = 54 SQ.FT. = REQUIRED

SWALE MAINTENANCE NOTES:

- VEGETATED SWALES SHALL BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER LARGE STORM EVENTS.
- ERODED SIDES, SLOPES AND CHANNEL BOTTOMS SHALL BE STABILIZED AS NECESSARY.
- IF THE SURFACE OF THE SWALE BECOMES CLOGGED TO THE POINT THAT STANDING WATER IS OBSERVED ON THE SURFACE 48 HOURS AFTER THE PRECIPITATION EVENTS, THE BOTTOM SHALL BE ROTO-TILLED OR CULTIVATED TO BREAK UP ANY HARD-PACKED SEDIMENT, AND THEN RESEDED.
- VEGETATION IN SWALES SHALL BE MOWED AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM GRASS HEIGHTS IN THE 4 TO 6 INCH RANGE.
- EVERY FIVE YEARS, THAN CHANNEL BOTTOM OF SWALES SHOULD BE SCRAPPED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT AND TO ENSURE ORIGINAL CROSS SECTION AND INFILTRATION RATE, AND SHOULD BE SEEDED TO RESTORE GROUND COVER, WHERE NECESSARY.



NOTES:

- DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE FOR INDIVIDUAL SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL LOT DEVELOPMENT.
- VEGETATED SWALES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE (LONGITUDINAL) OF 4.0%.

TIMOTHY J. BEHAN
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 No. 6878
 EXPIRES 12-17-18

COMMONWEALTH ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS, INC.
 400 SMITH STREET
 PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02908
 401-273-6600

JOINT OWTS/WETLAND & SERSC PLAN
 for
A.P. 8-4, LOT 3
SAND TURN ROAD
 in
 SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

SCALE: AS SHOWN	SHEET NO: 2 of 2
DRAWN BY: DKM	DESIGN BY: DKM
DATE: 08/17/18	CHECKED BY: TJB
	PROJECT NO.: 18042.00

APPLICANT:
 MAR CONSTRUCTION, INC
 22 SEXTANT LANE
 NARRAGANSETT, RI 02882

OWNER:
 THOMAS WOJCIECHOWSKI
 PO BOX 72
 KINGSTON, RI 02881